

DA-42 EMERGENCY PROCEDURES Checklist

Items in **BOLD FACED** type are immediate action items and should be committed to memory.

ENGINE FIRE ON START

- 1. Fuel Selectors OFF**
- 2. Mixture IDLE CUT-OFF**
- 3. Throttle MAX POWER**
4. Cabin Heat & Defrost OFF
5. Master Switch OFF
When Engine has Stopped
6. Ignition Switch OFF
7. Canopy OPEN
8. Airplane EVACUATE

ELEC. FIRE ON THE GROUND

- 1. Master Switch OFF**
If Engine is Running
2. Throttle(s) IDLE
3. Mixture(s) IDLE CUTOFF
When Engine(s) have stopped
4. Ignition Switch – OFF
5. Canopy – OPEN
6. Airplane - EVACUATE

STARTER RELAY FAILURE

Starter does not disengage after start

1. Throttle IDLE
2. Mixture IDLE CUTOFF
3. Ignition Switch OFF
4. Master Switch OFF

ABORT

- 1. Throttles IDLE**
- 2. Brakes APPLY**

ENGINE FIRE ON TAKEOFF

- 1. Abort**
2. Cabin Heat & Defrost OFF
After Stopping
3. Fuel Selector(s) OFF
4. Mixture(s) IDLE CUT-OFF
5. Throttle(s) MAX
6. Master Switch OFF
When Engine Stopped
7. Ignition Switches OFF
8. Canopy OPEN

9. Airplane EVACUATE
(If Takeoff cannot be Abandoned)

- 1. Cabin heat & Defrost .. OFF**
- 2. Engine FEATHER**
3. Perform Single Engine Landing

ENGINE FAILURE ON TAKEOFF

(Before Rotation $V_R - 78$)

- 1. Abort**
If runway departure imminent
2. Fuel Selector(s) OFF
3. Mixture(s) IDLE CUT-OFF
4. Ignition Switch(es) OFF
5. Master Switch OFF

ENGINE FAIL AFTER TAKEOFF

(Before Gear Up)

- 1. Throttles IDLE**
- 2. Land Straight Ahead**
(If Takeoff Continued)

- 1. Rudder MAINTAIN DIRECTIONAL CONTROL**

- 2. Airspeed 90 V_{YSE}**
- 3. Mixtures .. FULL FORWARD**
- 4. Props FULL FORWARD**
- 5. Throttles .. FULL FORWARD**
- 6. Flaps UP**
- 7. Gear UP**
- 8. Identify. DEAD FOOT-DEAD ENGINE**

- 9. Verify... CLOSE THROTTLE**

- 10. Prop FEATHER**
11. Fuel Pump OFF
12. Fuel Selector OFF
13. Ignition Switch OFF

ENGINE FIRE INFLIGHT

- 1. Cabin Heat & Defrost .. OFF**
- 2. Engine FEATHER**

3. Ignition Switch..... **OFF**
4. Fuel PUMP..... **OFF**
5. Fuel Selector..... **OFF**
6. Airspeed – INCREASE TO EXTINGUISH FIRE
7. Windows – OPEN if Required
8. Perform Single Engine Landing

ENGINE FAILURE INFLIGHT

1. Airspeed..... **90 V_{YSE} Min.**
2. Mixture..... **FULL RICH**
3. Props..... **FULL FORWARD**
4. Throttles . **FULL FORWARD**

Troubleshooting Checklist

Time & Circumstances Permitting

5. Alternate AirON
6. Fuel SelectorsCHECK ON
7. Fuel Pumps.....ON
8. Ignition Switch.... CHECK BOTH
If engine does not recover
9. Engine FEATHER

FEATHERING PROCEDURE

1. Airspeed 90 V_{YSE} MINIMUM
2. Rudder..... MAINTAIN DIRECTIONAL CONTROL
3. Throttle IDLE
4. Prop Lever FULL AFT
5. Mixture..... IDLE CUTOFF
6. Fuel Pump OFF
7. Ignition Switch..... OFF
8. Fuel Control OFF
9. Alternator..... OFF
10. Throttle .. Fwd Enough to silence Gear Horn

UNFEATHERING PROCEDURE

1. Airspeed 90 V_{YSE} MINIMUM
2. Fuel SelectorsON
3. Fuel PumpCHECK ON
4. ThrottleSET (1 inch)
5. Alternate Air AS REQ'D
6. Prop LeverFULL FWD
7. Mixture..... RICH
8. Ignition Switch..... BOTH
9. Alternator..... ON

- (If engine does not Windmill)*
10. Ignition Switch.....START
- (If engine does not Start)*
11. MixtureIDLE CUTOFF
 12. Mixture ADVANCE SLOWLY

SINGLE ENGINE LANDING

1. Seat Belts & Harnesses – TIGHT
2. Landing Light.....AS REQ'D
3. Gear Horn CHECK
Operative Engine
4. Fuel Selector CHECK ON/CROSSFEED
5. Failed Engine SECURED
6. Airspeed..... V_{YSE}+10 KIAS
7. Gear..... DOWN
(3 Green, 1 in the Mirror)
8. Final Approach 85 V_{REF}
9. Throttle..... AS REQ'D
10. Trim..... AS REQ'D
(When Landing Assured)
11. Flaps AS REQ'D
12. Touchdown..... NORMAL

LANDING GEAR SYSTEM FAILURES

LANDING GEAR UNSAFE

NOTE

Landing gear unsafe warning light illuminates when the gear is in transit & is normal.

(If light remains on longer than 20 secs.)

1. Airspeed..... V_{LO} 156
2. Landing Gear.....RECYCLE
(If Gear cannot be extended to down & Locked position)
3. Use Manual Gear Extension

MANUAL GEAR EXTENSION

1. Gear Test Button PRESS
2. Master Switch..... CHECK ON
3. Bus Voltage.... CHECK NORMAL
4. Circuit Breaker..... CHECK
5. Landing Gear Selector DOWN
6. Manual Gear Handle..... PULL

NOTE

If Gear Indicator Lights don't show green slow below 110 KIAS, gently yaw & pitch airplane to assist getting gear to locked position.

GEAR UP LANDING

1. Approach..... V_{REF} 85
2. Throttle..... IDLE
(Time & Situation permitting)
3. Fuel Selectors..... OFF
4. Mixtures..... IDLE CUTOFF
5. Ignition Switches..... OFF
6. Master Switch..... OFF
7. Touchdown..... MIN AIRSPEED

LANDING W/FLAT MAIN TIRE

1. Advise ATC
2. Touchdown..... RUNWAY SIDE
OPPOSITE BAD TIRE
3. Land..... WING LOW TOWARD
GOOD TIRE
4. MAINTAIN DIRECTIONAL
CONTROL

ROUGH ENGINE OPERATION

WARNING

A rough running engine can lead to catastrophic failure of the prop or other engine components.

1. Airspeed..... 90 KIAS
2. Fuel Selector..... CHECK ON
3. Fuel Pump..... ON
4. Engine Instruments..... CHECK
5. Throttle & Props..... CHECK
6. Mixture . ADJUST FOR SMOOTH
OPERATION
7. Alternate Air..... ON
8. Fuel Pump Affected Engine.... ON
9. Ignition Switches.. CHECK BOTH
10. Engine Settings..... VARY

WARNING

If problem does not clear immediately, & engine is no longer producing sufficient power, feather the engine & proceed with single

engine landing. Land as soon as possible.

LOW FUEL FLOW OR PRESSURE

1. Fuel Pump..... ON
2. Mixture..... ENRICHEN

CAUTION

Operation at high altitudes (Above 5000 ft.) with fuel pump **OFF** may cause vapor bubbles, resulting in intermittent low fuel pressure indications, sometimes followed by high fuel flow indications

NOTE

At 5000 ft. Density altitude or high ambient temps, full rich mixture can cause rough running engine or loss of performance. Mixture should be set for smooth running of the engine.

3. If fuel flow/pressure in green arc with alert – sensor needs service
(If Fuel Pressure Not Restored)
4. LAND AT NEAREST SUITABLE
AIRPORT
5. PREPARE FOR ENGINE
FAILURE & SINGLE ENGINE
LANDING

HIGH FUEL PRESSURE

1. Fuel Pump..... OFF
2. Power..... REDUCE
3. Fuel Quantity..... MONITOR

LOSS OF OIL PRESSURE

1. Oil Pressure Warning Light & Oil
Pressure Gauge..... CHECK
2. Oil Temperature..... CHECK
(Pressure below green temp normal)
3. Oil Pressure Warning Light.....
MONITOR
4. Oil & CHTs..... MONITOR
5. Land as soon as possible.

Oil pressure below green; Temps rising, or flashing Pressure Light

6. Throttle..... MIN REQUIRED
7. LAND AS SOON AS POSSIBLE
8. Prepare for Single Engine Landing

Oil pressure dropping or zero with engine vibration, loss of oil, unusual metallic noise &/or smoke

9. Engine – SHUTDOWN IMMEDIATELY
10. EXECUTE SINGLE ENGINE LANDING

HIGH OIL PRESSURE

1. Oil Temp.....CHECK
If temp normal, suspect erroneous oil pressure indication.

HIGH OIL TEMPERATURE

1. CHT & EGT GaugesCHECK
If CHTs or EGTs High
2. Oil Pressure.....CHECK
If oil pressure Low
3. Throttle.. REDUCE TO MIN REQ.
4. LAND AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE
5. PREPARE FOR SINGLE ENGINE LANDING
If oil pressure the green
6. Mixture CHECK, enrichen if necessary
7. Power..... REDUCE
If no improvement
8. LAND AS SOON AS POSSIBLE

HIGH CHT

1. Mixture – CHECK (Enrichen)
2. Oil Temp – CHECK
If oil temp High
3. Oil Pressure – CHECK
If oil pressure Low
4. Throttle. REDUCE TO MIN, REQ.
5. LAND AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE
6. PREPARE FOR ENGINE FAILURE & SINGLE ENGINE LANDING
If oil pressure normal (Green Arc)
7. Power – REDUCE
If no Improvement
8. LAND AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE

HIGH RPM

1. Prop Control REDUCE
Propeller Overspeed
2. Throttle..... REDUCE AS REQ'D
3. Control RPM with Throttle
4. Land as soon as practicable

DEFECTIVE PROP CONTROL

Oscillating RPM

5. Oil Pressure.....CHECK
6. ThrottleCHANGE SETTING

NOTE

If problem does not clear itself, land at nearest suitable airfield.

Propeller Overspeed

7. Throttle..... REDUCE AS REQ'D
8. Control RPM with Throttle
9. Land as soon as practicable

LOSS OF RPM

1. Oil Pressure.....CHECK
2. Electric Fuel Pump.....ON
3. Fuel Selector Valve(s).....CHECK
4. Throttle Friction.....ADJUST
5. Prop ControlHIGH RPM
If no rise in RPM governor may be defective
6. Control RPM with Throttle
7. Land as soon as practicable

SPIN RECOVERY

1. **Throttle.....IDLE**
2. **Rudder FULL OPPOSITE DIRECTION OF SPIN**
3. **StickFULL FORWARD**
4. **AileronsNEUTRAL**
5. Flaps UP
Once rotation has stopped –
6. Rudder NEUTRAL
7. Recover..... SMOOTHLY

EMERGENCY DESCENT

1. Flaps UP
2. Landing Gear..... DOWN
3. Throttles IDLE
4. Airspeed.....AS REQ'D

WARNING

V_{NO} =155 KIAS

V_{NE} =194 KIAS

WARNING

**EMERGENCY DESCENT
PROCEDURE MAY IMPOSE
“SHOCK COOLING” THAT
COULD CAUSE DAMAGE TO
THE ENGINES.**

NOTE

Prop Levers might be set full FWD to increase drag as long as RPM Limits are not exceeded.

ELEC./CABIN FIRE INFLIGHT

1. **Emergency Switch..... ON**
2. **AV Master OFF**
3. **Master Switch..... OFF**
4. **Cabin Heat & Defrost OFF**
5. **Vents & Windows... AS REQ'D**
6. **Fire Extinguisher.... AS REQ'D**
7. **Land as soon as possible**

LOW VOLTAGE INFLIGHT

1. Circuit Breakers CHECK
2. Alternators CHECK ON
3. Electrical Equipment OFF
4. Voltage still Low..... RUN BOTH ALTERNATOR FAIL CHECKLIST

TOTAL ELECTRICAL FAILURE

5. Circuit Breakers CHECK
6. Emergency Switch ON
7. Flood Light..... ON AS REQ'D
8. Engine Controls SET (Audible noise & Lever Position)
9. Prepare for landing with flaps in present position.
10. Land at nearest suitable airfield

NOTE

Gear Uplock no longer ensured. Landing gear may slowly extend. Extend Gear manually.

**BOTH ALTERNATORS FAIL
WARNING**

**IF BOTH ALTERNATORS FAIL,
REDUCE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT TO
A MINIMUM. EXPECT BATTERY**

**POWER TO LAST 30 MINUTES. LAND
AS SOON AS POSSIBLE**

1. ATC ADVISE
2. LH/RH Alternators..... OFF
3. XPDR..... STBY
4. Landing Gear..... DOWN
*When down & locked pull
Emergency Release*
5. Pitot Heat OFF
6. Non-Essential Electrical OFF
7. Emergency Switch ON
8. AV Master OFF
9. Land within 30 Minutes

OVERVOLTAGE (above 32 Volts)

*If voltage in upper red sector with
both alternators on*

1. LH Alternator OFF
If voltage still in upper red sector
2. LH Alternator ON
3. RH Alternator..... OFF
If voltage still in upper red sector
4. LH Alternator OFF
5. Non-Essential electrical..... OFF
6. Land as Soon as Practical

AHRS Failure

1. Use STBY AI & Mag Compass
2. Set Course using Digital Window

ADC Failure

1. Use STBY Airspeed & Altimeter

ICING

1. Leave Icing Area
2. Pitot Heat ON
3. Cabin Heat & Defrost ON
4. Prop RPM INCREASE
5. Alternate Air..... ON
6. Land at the nearest airfield

PFD of MFD Failure

1. Display Backup Button – PUSH

POSSIBLE CARBON MONOXIDE

1. Cabin Heat & Defrost OFF
2. Ventilation OPEN
3. Emergency Windows OPEN

4. Forward Canopy UNLATCH & lock in “cooling-gap” position

CAUTION

In case of possible carbon monoxide in the cabin, the front canopy may be unlatched inflight. This allows it to partially open to improve ventilation. Flight characteristics will not be affected significantly.

Maximum demonstrated airspeed for Emergency Opening of the Front Canopy is 120 KIAS

‘DOOR’-WARNING LIGHT ON

WARNING

DO NOT TRY TO LATCH THE PASSENGER DOOR INFLIGHT. THE SAFETY HOOK MAY DISENGAGE; THE DOOR OPEN & SEPARATE FROM THE AIRPLANE.

1. Airspeed REDUCE
2. Canopy CHECK VISUALLY
3. Rear Door CHECK VISUALLY
4. Front Baggage Doors CHECK
5. Airspeed BELOW 140
6. Land at next Suitable Airfield

ABNORMAL OPERATING PROCEDURES

PRECAUTIONARY LANDING

1. Select appropriate landing area
2. Consider wind
3. Approach Normal to ID Obstacles
4. ATC ADVISE
5. Touchdown Lowest possible Airspeed
6. Engines SHUTDOWN
7. Airplane SECURE

CANOPY IN COOLING GAP POSITION

If Takeoff inadvertently done with canopy in Position 2

1. Airplane LAND
2. Runway TAXI CLEAR
3. Canopy CLOSE & LATCH

CONTINUOUS HYDRAULIC PUMP OPERATION

1. Landing Gear Lights CHECK
2. Gear Circuit Breaker PULL
3. Prepare for Manual Gear Extension

HYDRAULIC PUMP FAILURE

1. Landing Gear Lights CHECK
2. Gear Circuit Breaker CHECK
3. Prepare for Manual Gear Extension

L/R AUX FUEL XFER FAIL

If fuel quantity in main tank does not increase during transfer:

1. Both XFER Pumps OFF
2. Fuel Imbalance CHECK
3. Crossfeed ON to maintain Balance
4. Remaining XFER Pump ON
5. Crossfeed ON to maintain Balance